

## **PEM353**

Universal measuring device



### **PEM353**



### **Product description**

The digital universal measuring device PEM353 is used to record and display measured quantities of an electricity supply network, and make them available via the communication interface

The range of measurements extends from voltages and currents to power and energy meters to measured quantities of the voltage quality, such as THD and the individual harmonics up to the 31st order.

The PEM353 is suitable for use in 2-, 3- and 4-wire systems and in their respective versions as TN, TT and IT systems. This allows monitoring single and polyphase systems. With its standardised dimensions of  $96 \times 96$  mm, the device is intended for front panel mounting.

### Areas of application

- Modern indicating instrument for electrical quantities, e.g. as a replacement for analogue indicating instruments
- · Power quality monitoring
- · Limit value monitoring (setpoints) with alarm forwarding
- · Measurement and monitoring of the N conductor
- Energy and power measurement, e.g. as part of energy data monitoring

#### **Standards**

PEM353 was designed in accordance with the following standards:

- DIN EN 62053-22 (VDE 0418 Part 3-22)
   Electricity metering equipment (a.c.) Particular requirements Part 22: Static meters for active energy (classes 0.2 S and 0.5 S) (IEC 62053);
- DIN EN 61557-12 (VDE 0413-12)
   Electrical safety in low voltage distribution systems up to 1000 V a.c. and 1500 V d.c. –
   Equipment for testing, measuring or monitoring of protective measures Part 12:
   Performance measuring and monitoring devices (PMD)
- DIN IEC 61554:2002-08
   Panel mounted equipment Electrical measuring instruments Dimensions for panel mounting (IEC 61554:1999)

#### Features, variants and ordering details

|  | PEM353   | PEM353-P                    | PEM353-N        |
|--|--|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Ordering details                         | B93100355  | B93100354                   | B93100353       |
| Voltage inputs (L1, L2, L3)              | AC 230/400 V; 4565 Hz  |                             |                 |
| Supply voltage                           | 95250 V; DC, AC 47440 Hz   |                             |                 |
| Digital inputs                           | 4  |                             |                 |
| Digital outputs                          | 2 relay outputs  | 2 solid-state pulse outputs | 2 relay outputs |
| Communication interface                  | RS-485 (Modbus RTU)  |                             |                 |
| Current inputs $(I_1, I_2, I_3)$         | 5 A  |                             |                 |
| 14                                       | 5A   |                             |                 |
| Accuracy class for 5 A                   | 0.5 \$   |                             |                 |
| Accuracy class for 1 A                   | 1  |                             |                 |
| Logs                                     | Event log (SOE log)<br>Max/Min log<br>Peak demand log<br>Energy meter log (monthly values) |                             |                 |
| Data recorder                            | - 5  |                             | 5               |
| Load data log - daily and monthly values |  |                             |                 |
| Language                                 | English  |                             |                 |



#### **Functions**

- 1. Measurement of electrical quantities such as
  - Phase voltages (individually +  $\Sigma$ )  $U_{L1}, U_{L2}, U_{L3}$  in V Line-to-line voltages (individually +  $\Sigma$ )  $U_{L1L2}, U_{L2L3}, U_{L3L1}$  in V
  - Phase currents (individually + Σ)
     Neutral current I<sub>n</sub> (calculated)

in A

I<sub>4</sub> (measured, PEM353-N only) in A

- Power per phase conductor (individually  $+ \Sigma$ )

P in kW, Q in kvar, S in kVA

- Displacement factor (individually  $+ \Sigma$ )

cos (φ)

 $I_1, I_2, I_3$  in A

- Power factor (individually +  $\Sigma$ )
- Active and reactive energy import (individually  $+ \Sigma$ ) in kWh, kvarh
- Active and reactive energy export (individually +  $\Sigma$ ) in kWh, kvarh
- Voltage phase angle (LN or LL, individually)
- Current phase angle (individually)
- Voltage unbalance in %
- Current unbalance

in %

in °

for I

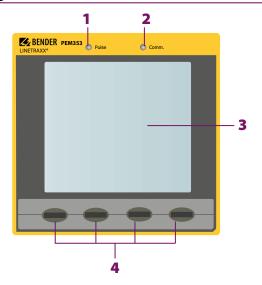
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- Harmonic distortion (THD, TOHD, TEHD) for *U* and *I*k-factor for *I*
- k-factorCrest factor
- Total demand distortion (TDD)
- 2. Energy meters
- Accuracy class of the active energy acc. to IEC 62053-22: 0.5 S
- · LED (pulse) for active or reactive energy
- 2 pulse outputs (PEM353-P only)
- Total phase and individual phase energy metering
  - Import, export, net and total per active and reactive energy
  - Total apparent energy
- Up to 4 pulse counters (e.g. gas, water, air, heat)
- 3. Times of Use for energy measurement
- Up to 8 tariffs
- Tariff switching via digital inputs or
- Tariff switching according to schedule, 2 schedules
- · Total phase and individual phase energy metering per tariff
  - Import and export per active and reactive energy
  - Total apparent energy
- Peak demand of the total phase power (P, Q, S) per tariff
- 4. Energy meter log 12 monthly values
- · Total phase energy metering
  - Import, export, net and total per active and reactive energy
  - Apparent energy
- · Total phase energy metering per tariff
  - Import and export per active and reactive energy
  - Total apparent energy
- 5. Load data for total phase power (P, Q, S) and currents
- Configurable sliding average values/averaging (demand)
- Demand forecasts of the next average value
- · Peak demand log with timestamp
  - Total phase power and currents (P, Q, S)
  - Total phase power per tariff (P, Q, S)

- 6. Log for max. and min. values for 45 measured quantities with time-stamp
- 7. Limit value monitoring by means of setpoints and alarm forwarding
- 9 parametrisable monitoring points (setpoints)
- · 25 measured quantities to choose from
- Alerting via display and/or digital outputs (DO)
- Monitoring for limit value violation (over/under limit value)
- Hysteresis adjustable
- 8. Event log (SOE log)
- 100 entries with timestamp, resolution 1 ms
- · Changes to setup, setpoints and DI/DO
- System messages
- · Limit value violations
- 9. Load data log: daily and monthly values (PEM353-N only)
- Daily log
  - 60 days (2 months)
- Total phase energy per active, reactive and apparent energy
- Peak demands of total phase power (P, Q, S)
- Monthly log
  - 36 months (3 years)
  - Total phase energy per active, reactive and apparent energy
  - Monthly peak demands of total phase power with timestamp (P, Q, S)
- 10. Data recorders (PEM353-N only)
- 5 recorders with up to 16 channels each
- Channel selection from 328 measured quantities
- · Interval configurable: 60 s to 40 days
- Recording time e.g. 100 days at a 15-minute interval
- 11.Easy and convenient operation
  - Large backlit graphic display
  - Display password protection
  - Standard display with 4 selectable measured quantities
- 12. Other functions
- Connection fault detection (frequency, voltage/current failure, wrong polarity of measuring current transformer, rotating field)
- · Operating hours counter
- 13. Communication interface and protocols
- Galvanically isolated RS-485 interface (1,200 to 38,400 bit/s)
- · LED for communication activities
- · Modbus RTU protocol
- BACnet MS/TP
- DNP



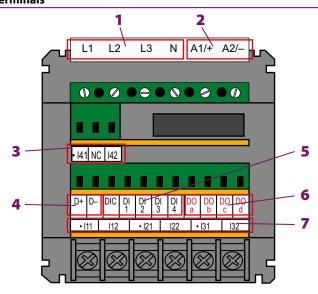
### **Operating elements**



- 1 Pulse LED (red)Indication of energy pulsing
- 2 Comm. LED (green) Indication of communication activity
- 3 Display LCD graphic display
- 4 Buttons 1 to 4
   The function of the buttons varies depending on the context.

   The meaning is always shown on the display above the corresponding button.

### **Terminals**



- 1 Measuring voltage inputs:
   The measuring leads should be protected with appropriate fuses.
- 2 Supply voltage: Power protection by a 6 A fuse, quick response. If being supplied from an IT system, both lines have to be protected by a fuse.
- 3 Measuring current inputs I4 (optional)
- 4 RS-485 bus connection
- 5 Digital inputs
- 6 Digital outputs (N/O contacts)
- 7 Measuring current inputs I1...3

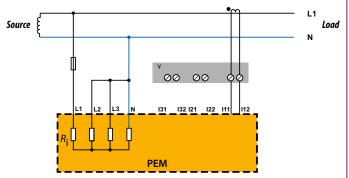
|            | D0   | D0   | D0   | D0   |
|------------|------|------|------|------|
|            | a    | b    | С    | d    |
| PEM353(-N) | D013 | D014 | D023 | D024 |
| PEM353-P   | E1+  | E1-  | E2+  | E2-  |



### Wiring diagrams direct connection (without voltage transformer)

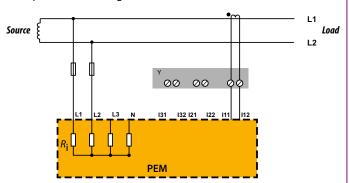
### Single-phase 2-wire system 1P2W L-N

When using this wiring, the connection type (Setup > Basic > Wiring Mode) must be set to **1P2W L-N**.



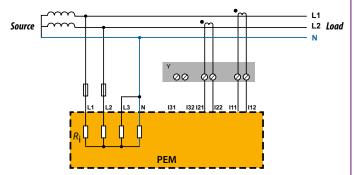
### Single-phase 2-wire system 1P2W L-L

When using this wiring, the connection type (Setup > Basic > Wiring Mode) must be set to **1P2W L-L**.



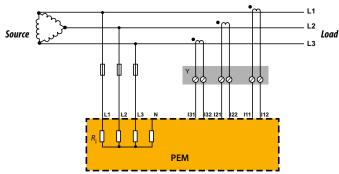
# Single-phase 3-wire system 1P3W with 2 measuring current transformers

When used in a 3-wire system, the connection type (Setup > Basic > Wiring Mode) must be set to **1P3W**.

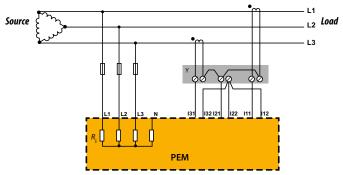


### 3P3W with 3 measuring current transformers

When used in a 3-wire system, the connection type (Setup > Basic > Wiring Mode) must be set to **3P3W**.

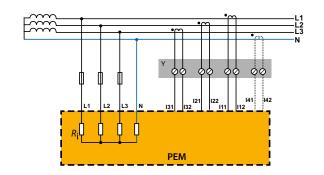


### 3P3W with 2 measuring current transformers (Aron circuit)



## 3P4W with 3 (4) measuring current transformers

When using this wiring, the connection type (Setup > Basic > Wiring Mode) must be set to **3P4W**.



- Y Isolating terminal of the measuring current transformers
- I<sub>4</sub> Measurement I<sub>4</sub> for PEM353-N only

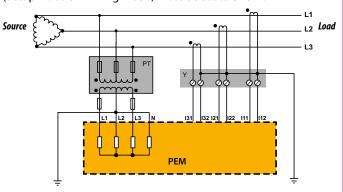
Y Isolating terminal of the measuring current transformers



### Wiring diagrams with voltage transformers (medium and high voltage)

## Three-phase 3-wire system 3P3W with 3 measuring current transformers

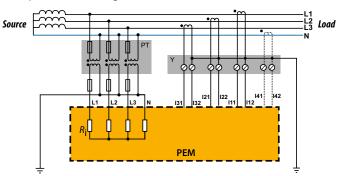
When used in a 3-wire system, the connection type (Setup > Basic > Wiring Mode) must be set to **3P3W**.



- Y Isolating terminal of the measuring current transformers
- PT The transformation ratio in the PEM353 can be set by specifying the primary and secondary transformation ratio. Odd ratios can also be configured.

## Three-phase 4-wire system (example TN-S system) 3P4W with 3 voltage transformers

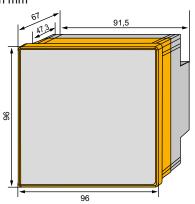
When using this wiring, the connection type (Setup > Basic > Wiring Mode) must be set to **3P4W**.

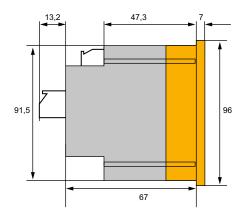


- Y Isolating terminal of the measuring current transformers
- I<sub>4</sub> Measurement I<sub>4</sub> for PEM353-N only
- PT The transformation ratio in the PEM353 can be set by specifying the primary and secondary transformation ratio. Odd ratios can also be configured.

### **Dimension diagram**

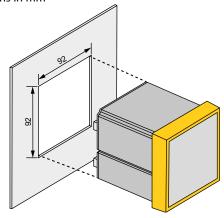
Dimensions in mm





### **Panel cutout**

Dimensions in mm





## **Technical data**

| Insulation coordination acc. to IEC 60664-1/     | IEC 60664-3   | Transformation ratio of the n               | neasuring voltage transformer                        |
|--|---|---|--|
| Definitions                                      |   | Primary                                     | 11,000,000 \   |
| Measuring circuit 1 (IC1)                        | (L1, L2, L3, N)   | Secondary                                   | 1690 \   |
| Measuring circuit 2 (IC2)                        | (•I11, I12, •I21, I22, •I31, I32, •I41, 42)                   | Max. transformation ratio                   | 10,000   |
| Supply circuit (IC3)                             | (A1/+, A2/-)  | max. durisionnadon rado                     | 10,00  |
| Output circuit 1 (IC4)                           | (1117 1712)   | Measuring current transform                 | er inputs  |
| PEM353-N, PEM353                                 | (D013, D014)  | $I_{nom}$                                   | 5 /  |
| PEM353-P   |   | Measuring range                             | 0.1 200 % I <sub>non</sub>                           |
|  | (E1+, E1-)  | Load  | < 0.15 VA  |
| Output circuit 2 (IC5)                           | (0022 0024)   | Overload range                              |  |
| PEM353-N, PEM353                                 | (D023, D024)  | overload range                              | 2 x / <sub>nom</sub> permanent                       |
| PEM353-P   | (E2+, E2-)  |   | $20 \text{ x } I_{\text{nom}} \leq 1$                |
| Control circuit 1 (IC6)                          | (DIC, DI1, DI2, DI3, DI4)                                     | Transformation ratio of the n               | neasuring current transformer                        |
| Control circuit 2 (IC7)                          | (D+, D-)  |   |  |
| Overvoltage category                             |   | Primary                                     | 130000 /   |
| IC1, IC3   | III   | Secondary                                   | 15   |
| IC2, IC4, IC5, IC6                               | II  | Accuracies (OMV — of measur                 | ed value/OFS = of full-scale value)                  |
| Pollution degree                                 | 2   |   |  |
| Rated voltage                                    |   | Phase voltage U <sub>L1-N,L2-N,L3-N</sub>   | ±0.2 % 0MV, +0.05 % 0F                               |
| IC1  | AC 277 V <i>U</i> <sub>LN</sub> /480 V <i>U</i> <sub>LL</sub> | Current I <sub>1, 2, 3</sub>                | ±0.2 % 0MV, +0.05 % 0F                               |
| IC2  | AC 300 V  | Neutral current I4 (PEM353-N)               | ±0.2 % 0M\   |
| IG   | AC/DC 250 V   | Frequency f                                 | ±0.02 H  |
| IC4, IC5   | AC/ DC 250 V  | Phasing                                     | ±1   |
| •  | AC 250 V  | Active power, reactive power                | ±0.5 % OMV, +0.05 % OF                               |
| PEM353, PEM353-N                                 |   | Power factor λ                              | ±0.5 %   |
| PEM353-P   | DC 30 V   |   | jy acc. to DIN EN 62053-22 (VDE 0418 part 3-22)      |
| IC6  | DC 30 V   |   | isuring current transformers 0.5 9                   |
| Rated insulation voltage                         |   |   |  |
| IC1/(IC27)                                       | 500 V   | Accuracy class with 1 A mea                 |  |
| IC2/(IC37)                                       | 320 V   | Measurement of the voltage r.m.             |  |
| IC3/(IC47)                                       | 320 V   |   | acc. to DIN EN 61557-12 (VDE 0413-12), chapter 4.7.6 |
| IC4/(IC57)                                       | 320 V   | Measurement of the phase curre              | nt r.m.s. values                                     |
| IC5/(IC67)                                       | 320 V   |   | acc. to DIN EN 61557-12 (VDE 0413-12), chapter 4.7.5 |
| IC6/IC7  | 32 V  | Frequency measurement                       | acc. to DIN EN 61557-12 (VDE 0413-12), chapter 4.7.4 |
| Rated impulse voltage                            | 32 V  |   | ·  |
| IC1/(IC27)                                       | 4 kV  | Interface                                   |  |
|  | 4 kV  | Interface: Protocol                         | RS-485: Modbus RTU, BACnet MS/TP, DNF                |
| IC2/(IC37)                                       |   | Baud rate                                   | 1.238.4 kbit/  |
| IC3/(IC47)                                       | 4 kV  | Cable length                                | 01200 m  |
| IC4/(IC57)                                       | 4 kV  | Recommended cable (shielded)                | J-Y(St)Y min. 2 x 0.8                                |
| IC5/(IC67)                                       | 4 kV  | necommended capie (sincided)                | 3 1(30)1 mm 2 x 0x                                   |
| IC6/IC7  | 800 V   | Switching elements                          |  |
| Safe separation (reinforced insulation) between  |   | Outputs                                     | 2 N/O contact:                                       |
| IC1/(IC27)                                       | overvoltage category III, 300 V                               | Operating principle                         | N/O operation  |
| IC2/(IC37)                                       | overvoltage category II, 300 V                                | PEM353-N, PEM353                            | iv/o operation                                       |
| IC3/(IC47)                                       | overvoltage category III, 300 V                               | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       |  |
| IC4/(IC57)                                       | overvoltage category II, 300 V                                |   | eration, AC 250 V or DC 30 V 5 A                     |
| IC5/(IC67)                                       | overvoltage category II, 300 V                                | Minimum current $I_{min}$                   | 1 mA at AC/DC $\geq$ 10 \                            |
| Voltage test (routine test) acc. to IEC 61010-1: | - : -: / or tage takegory ii/ 300 V                           | PEM353-P                                    |  |
| IC1/(IC27)                                       | AC 2.0 kV, 1 minute   | Pulse output                                | max. DC 30 V, max. 30 m <i>l</i>                     |
| IC2/(IC37)                                       |   | Cable length                                | ≤ 30 m   |
|  | AC 2.0 kV, 1 minute   | Inputs                                      | 4 common galv. isolated digital input                |
| IC3/(IC47)                                       | AC 2.0 kV, 1 minute   | I <sub>min</sub>                            | 1 m/   |
| IC4/(IC57)                                       | AC 2.0 kV, 1 minute   | $U_{DI}$                                    | DC 24 \  |
| IC5/(IC67)                                       | AC 2.0 kV, 1 minute   |   |  |
| Supply voltage                                   |   | Environment/EMC                             |  |
|  |   | EMC   | IEC 61326-   |
| Supply voltage                                   | AC/DC 95250 V (±10 %)   | Operating temperature                       | -25+55 °C  |
| Frequency range                                  | DC, 47 440 Hz   |   | ns acc. to IEC 60721 (stationary use) 3K6            |
| Power consumption                                | < 5 VA  |   | litions acc. to IEC 60721 (stationary use) 3M4       |
| Measuring voltage inputs                         |   | Range of use                                | < 2000 m   |
| Nominal voltage U <sub>L1,L2,L3</sub>            | 230 V   | Connection                                  |  |
| Nominal voltage U <sub>L1L2,L2L3,L3L1</sub>      | 400 V   |   |  |
| Measuring range                                  | 10 V 200 % <i>U</i> n   | Connection type                             | screw-type terminals, plug-in connecto               |
| Internal resistance U <sub>L1-N,L2-N,L3-N</sub>  | $> 12 \text{ M}\Omega$  | <b>Other</b>                                |  |
| Tresman resistance OLI-N,LZ-N,LS-N               | > 12 IVI ZI   |   |  |
|  |   | Degree of protection, installation          | IP20   |
|  |   |   |  |
|  |   | Degree of protection, front (with<br>Weight |  |



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